Comparison of detection methods

Compare these methods with respect to a scientific question I'll give you later:

- Transits
- Radial Velocity
- Direct imaging
- Astrometry
- Microlensing

Comparison of detection methods Procedure:

1) Form groups of 5 or more students

2) Discuss scientific question in group

3) Form new groups with one representative from each old group

4) Discuss findings in the new groups

5) Meet again in old groups, discuss if new questions or insights came up in new groups

Comparison of detection methods

Why do we do this?

- -> Everyone needs to say something
- -> Everyone needs to explain something
- -> Everyone needs to give feedback to group

What to find out

About yourself:

- Beforehand, reflect: "When I interact in groups, I usually behave like this: ... And what happens is ..."

- While in group: Try out a (friendly) behavior different from your default

- Afterwards, reflect: "This time, I tried to behave like this: ... And what happened was ..."

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About science:

"Where in a diagram of planet size/mass vs. orbital period does my method yield the most detections?"

Mass - Period Distribution

07 Nov 2019 exoplanetarchive.ipac.caltech.edu



Pariod [days]

Planet occurrence rates

- Planet occurrence: probability that a planet with given properties exists (around a given type of star)
- not the same as detection efficiency!

occurrence * detection efficiency = number of detected planets

- need to model detection efficiency for different planet types and methods, then infer occurrence rates.

Transits for small planet around small stars:

Planet Occurrence (%)



Star formation

Planets are thought of as a natural byproduct of star formation.

Star formation



Hogerheijde 1998, after Shu 1987

Star formation

High-mass SF

